

Package: circacompare (via r-universe)

September 5, 2024

Title Analyses of Circadian Data

Version 0.2.0.9000

Description Uses non-linear regression to statistically compare two circadian rhythms. Groups are only compared if both are rhythmic (amplitude is non-zero). Performs analyses regarding mesor, phase, and amplitude, reporting on estimates and statistical differences, for each, between groups. Details can be found in Parsons et al (2020)
<[doi:10.1093/bioinformatics/btz730](https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btz730)>.

License MIT + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Imports ggplot2 (>= 2.2.1), stats, withr

Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0), nlme, knitr, rmarkdown

Config/testthat/edition 3

VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <https://rwparsons.github.io/circacompare/>

Language en-US

Repository <https://rwparsons.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/rwparsons/circacompare>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 5df1144f5b5127893438ec0fc42e72cc3ac75ec1

Contents

circacompare	2
circacompare_mixed	3
circa_single	5
circa_single_mixed	7
make_data	9

circacompare	<i>circacompare</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

circacompare performs a comparison between two rhythmic groups of data. It tests for rhythmicity and then fits a nonlinear model with parametrization to estimate and statistically support differences in mesor, amplitude, and phase between groups.

Usage

```
circacompare(
  x,
  col_time,
  col_group,
  col_outcome,
  period = 24,
  alpha_threshold = 0.05,
  timeout_n = 10000,
  control = list(),
  weights = NULL,
  suppress_all = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame. This is the data.frame which contains the rhythmic data for two groups in a tidy format.
col_time	The name of the column within the data.frame, x, which contains time in hours at which the data were collected.
col_group	The name of the column within the data.frame, x, which contains the grouping variable. This should only have two levels.
col_outcome	The name of the column within the data.frame, x, which contains outcome measure of interest.
period	The period of the rhythm. For circadian rhythms, leave this as the default value, 24.
alpha_threshold	The level of alpha for which the presence of rhythmicity is considered. Default is 0.05.
timeout_n	The upper limit for the model fitting attempts. Default is 10,000.
control	list. Used to control the parameterization of the model.
weights	An optional numeric vector of (fixed) weights. When present, the objective function is weighted least squares.
suppress_all	Logical. Set to TRUE to avoid seeing errors or messages during model fitting procedure. Default is FALSE.

Value

list

Examples

```
df <- make_data(phi1 = 6)
out <- circacompare(
  x = df, col_time = "time", col_group = "group",
  col_outcome = "measure"
)
out

# with sample weights (arbitrary weights for demonstration)
sw <- runif(n = nrow(df))
out2 <- circacompare(
  x = df, col_time = "time", col_group = "group",
  col_outcome = "measure", weights = sw
)
out2
```

circacompare_mixed *circacompare_mixed*

Description

circacompare_mixed is similar to circacompare but allows for some simple, user-specified random-effects on the rhythmic parameters of choice.

Usage

```
circacompare_mixed(
  x,
  col_time,
  col_group,
  col_outcome,
  col_id,
  randomeffects = c(),
  period = 24,
  alpha_threshold = 0.05,
  nlme_control = list(),
  nlme_method = "REML",
  weights = NULL,
  suppress_all = FALSE,
  timeout_n = 10000,
  control = list()
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	<code>data.frame</code> . This is the <code>data.frame</code> which contains the rhythmic data for two groups in a tidy format.
<code>col_time</code>	The name of the column within the <code>data.frame</code> , <code>x</code> , which contains time in hours at which the data were collected.
<code>col_group</code>	The name of the column within the <code>data.frame</code> , <code>x</code> , which contains the grouping variable. This should only have two levels.
<code>col_outcome</code>	The name of the column within the <code>data.frame</code> , <code>x</code> , which contains outcome measure of interest.
<code>col_id</code>	The name of the column within the <code>data.frame</code> , <code>x</code> , which contains the identifying values for the random effect, such as <code>subject_id</code> .
<code>randomeffects</code>	which rhythmic parameters to allow random effects. The default is to include no rhythmic parameters.
<code>period</code>	The period of the rhythm. For circadian rhythms, leave this as the default value, 24.
<code>alpha_threshold</code>	The level of alpha for which the presence of rhythmicity is considered. Default is to 0.05.
<code>nlme_control</code>	A list of control values for the estimation algorithm to replace the default values returned by the function <code>nlme::nlmeControl</code> . Defaults to an empty list.
<code>nlme_method</code>	A character string. If "REML" the model is fit by maximizing the restricted log-likelihood. If "ML" the log-likelihood is maximized. Defaults to "REML".
<code>weights</code>	An optional numeric vector of (fixed) weights internally passed to <code>nlme::nlme()</code> via <code>nlme::varPower()</code> . When present, the objective function is weighted least squares.
<code>suppress_all</code>	Logical. Set to TRUE to avoid seeing errors or messages during model fitting procedure. Default is FALSE. If FALSE, also runs <code>nlme()</code> with <code>verbose = TRUE</code> .
<code>timeout_n</code>	The upper limit for the model fitting attempts. Default is 10000.
<code>control</code>	list. Used to control the parameterization of the model.

Value

list

Examples

```
# Generate some data with within-id correlation for phase-shift (phi1)

set.seed(99)
phi1_in <- 3.15

mixed_data <- function(n) {
  counter <- 1
  for (i in 1:n) {
    x <- make_data(k1 = 0, alpha1 = 0, phi1 = rnorm(1, phi1_in, 0.5), hours = 72, noise_sd = 1)
  }
}
```

```

      x$id <- counter
      counter <- counter + 1
      if (i == 1) {
        res <- x
      } else {
        res <- rbind(res, x)
      }
    }
  }
  return(res)
}
df <- mixed_data(20)
out <- circacompare_mixed(
  x = df,
  col_time = "time",
  col_group = "group",
  col_outcome = "measure",
  col_id = "id",
  control = list(grouped_params = c("phi"), random_params = c("phi1"))
)

# with sample weights (arbitrary weights for demonstration)
sw <- runif(n = nrow(df))
out2 <- circacompare_mixed(
  x = df,
  col_time = "time",
  col_group = "group",
  col_outcome = "measure",
  col_id = "id",
  control = list(grouped_params = c("phi"), random_params = c("phi1")),
  weights = sw
)

```

circa_single

circa_single

Description

`circa_single` performs an analysis on a single rhythmic dataset. It estimates the mesor, amplitude and phase of the data provided.

Usage

```

circa_single(
  x,
  col_time,
  col_outcome,
  period = 24,
  alpha_threshold = 0.05,

```

```

  timeout_n = 10000,
  return_figure = TRUE,
  control = list(),
  weights = NULL,
  suppress_all = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

x	data.frame. This is the data.frame which contains the rhythmic data in a tidy format.
col_time	The name of the column within the data.frame, x, which contains time in hours at which the data were collected.
col_outcome	The name of the column within the data.frame, x, which contains outcome measure of interest.
period	The period of the rhythm. For circadian rhythms, leave this as the default value, 24.
alpha_threshold	The level of alpha for which the presence of rhythmicity is considered. Default is 0.05.
timeout_n	The upper limit for the model fitting attempts. Default is 10,000.
return_figure	Whether or not to return a ggplot graph of the rhythm and cosine model.
control	list. Used to control the parameterization of the model.
weights	An optional numeric vector of (fixed) weights. When present, the objective function is weighted least squares.
suppress_all	Logical. Set to TRUE to avoid seeing errors or messages during model fitting procedure. Default is FALSE.

Value

list

Examples

```

df <- make_data()
df <- df[df$group == "g1", ]
out <- circa_single(x = df, col_time = "time", col_outcome = "measure")
out

# with sample weights (arbitrary weights for demonstration)
sw <- runif(n = nrow(df))
out2 <- circa_single(
  x = df,
  col_time = "time",
  col_outcome = "measure",
  weights = sw,
  suppress_all = TRUE
)

```

```
out2
```

```
circa_single_mixed      circa_single_mixed
```

Description

`circa_single_mixed` is similar to `circa_single` but allows for some simple, user-specified random-effects on the rhythmic parameters of choice.

Usage

```
circa_single_mixed(
  x,
  col_time,
  col_outcome,
  col_id,
  randomeffects = c("k", "alpha", "phi"),
  period = 24,
  alpha_threshold = 0.05,
  nlme_control = list(),
  nlme_method = "ML",
  weights = NULL,
  suppress_all = FALSE,
  timeout_n = 10000,
  return_figure = TRUE,
  control = list()
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	data.frame. This is the data.frame which contains the rhythmic data in a tidy format.
<code>col_time</code>	The name of the column within the data.frame, <code>x</code> , which contains time in hours at which the data were collected.
<code>col_outcome</code>	The name of the column within the data.frame, <code>x</code> , which contains outcome measure of interest.
<code>col_id</code>	The name of the column within the data.frame, <code>x</code> , which contains the identifying values for the random effect, such as <code>subject_id</code> .
<code>randomeffects</code>	which rhythmic parameters to allow random effects. The default is to include all rhythmic parameters.
<code>period</code>	The period of the rhythm. For circadian rhythms, leave this as the default value, 24.

<code>alpha_threshold</code>	The level of alpha for which the presence of rhythmicity is considered. Default is to 0.05.
<code>nlme_control</code>	A list of control values for the estimation algorithm to replace the default values returned by the function <code>nlme::nlmeControl</code> . Defaults to an empty list.
<code>nlme_method</code>	A character string. If "REML" the model is fit by maximizing the restricted log-likelihood. If "ML" the log-likelihood is maximized. Defaults to "ML".
<code>weights</code>	An optional numeric vector of (fixed) weights internally passed to <code>nlme::nlme()</code> via <code>nlme::varPower()</code> . When present, the objective function is weighted least squares.
<code>suppress_all</code>	Logical. Set to TRUE to avoid seeing errors or messages during model fitting procedure. Default is FALSE. If FALSE, also runs <code>nlme()</code> with <code>verbose = TRUE</code> .
<code>timeout_n</code>	The upper limit for the model fitting attempts. Default is 10000.
<code>return_figure</code>	Whether or not to return a ggplot graph of the rhythm and cosine model.
<code>control</code>	list. Used to control the parameterization of the model.

Value

list

Examples

```
set.seed(42)
mixed_data <- function(n) {
  counter <- 1
  for (i in 1:n) {
    x <- make_data(k1 = rnorm(1, 10, 2), alpha1 = 0, phi1 = 0)
    x$id <- counter
    counter <- counter + 1
    if (i == 1) {
      res <- x
    } else {
      res <- rbind(res, x)
    }
  }
  return(res)
}
df <- mixed_data(n = 50)
out <- circa_single_mixed(
  x = df, col_time = "time", col_outcome = "measure",
  col_id = "id", randomeffects = c("k")
)

# with sample weights (arbitrary weights for demonstration)
sw <- runif(n = nrow(df))
out2 <- circa_single_mixed(
  x = df, col_time = "time", col_outcome = "measure",
  col_id = "id", randomeffects = c("k"), weights = sw
)
```

`make_data`*make_data*

Description

Generate example circadian data with specified phase shift between groups

Usage

```
make_data(  
  k = 0,  
  k1 = 3,  
  alpha = 10,  
  alpha1 = 4,  
  phi = 0,  
  phi1 = 3.15,  
  tau = 24,  
  hours = 48,  
  noise_sd = 0.1,  
  seed = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

<code>k</code>	mesor of group 1.
<code>k1</code>	change in mesor in group 2 from group 1.
<code>alpha</code>	amplitude rhythm for group 1.
<code>alpha1</code>	change in amplitude in group 2 from group 1
<code>phi</code>	phase of rhythm, in radian-hours, in group 1.
<code>phi1</code>	change in phase, in radian-hours, in group 2 from group 1
<code>tau</code>	period of the rhythm, shared between both groups.
<code>hours</code>	the number of hours/datapoints to sample.
<code>noise_sd</code>	the standard deviation of the noise term.
<code>seed</code>	random seed for generating data.

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
data <- make_data(k1 = 3, alpha1 = 4, phi1 = 6)
```

Index

`circa_single`, [5](#)
`circa_single_mixed`, [7](#)
`circacompare`, [2](#)
`circacompare_mixed`, [3](#)
`make_data`, [9](#)